

# The National Republican.

VOL. XX--NO. 33.

WASHINGTON, D. C., SATURDAY MORNING, JANUARY 3, 1880.

FIFTY CENTS PER MONTH.

## THE MAINE CONSPIRACY.

Awaiting the Action of the Supreme Court.

**A Decision to be Reached To-day—Mr. Morell Believes the Real Questions Will be Considered—Conspirators Preparing to Resist—Solon Chase's Views—Fusionists Admitting the Fraud.**

**The Supreme Court in Session.**

BANGOR, Jan. 2.—Chief-Judge Appleton, Judge Peters and Justice Ladday were in the city yesterday, when the question forwarded by Governor Garcelon arrived here. Judge Burrows and Judge Walter came last night, and Judge Danforth and Judge Symonds this morning, so that a full court is now in session.

**Believe Will Reach the Real Question.**

PORTLAND, Jan. 2.—Ex-Senator Morrill, in an interview to-day, said that he considered Governor Garcelon's questions evasive, but thought the court would answer the real questions.

**An Honest Fusionist.**

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 2.—Colonel Daniel Snow, of this town, a Fusion representative to the legislature, to whom a certificate of election has been given, refuses to accept.

**Resisting to Create a Vacancy.**

PORTLAND, ME., Jan. 2.—It is understood that Nathan Cleaves, past judge of Probate and the Democratic candidate in, qualified this morning to have compilation and immediately resigned. Other Democratic candidates also qualified. Roger of Probate, Caleb Chapman, Harrison, held on, and so does W. B. Skillin, county commissioner, but it is thought A. F. Moulton, county attorney, will resign.

**The State-House Garrison.**

Augusta, ME., Jan. 2.—The military force is still kept at the State-House, but not in the day time. Tonight several persons went to the State-House, and the State-House was in session, not having the countersign. It is stated that the best authority that no military company or other organized body has been raised to resist the State authorities, nor will there be. Officials at the State-House have not shown a disposition to accept the city's tender of a police force, but will employ men of their own selection.

**An Invasion Expected to-day.**

BANGOR, Jan. 2.—The Supreme Judicial court is in session here to-day, all the judges being present, and considering the questions submitted by Governor Garcelon; it is expected they will conclude their labors to-morrow.

**An Interview with Solon Chase.**

Augusta, ME., Jan. 2.—Solon Chase, the leader of the Greenbackers in the State of Maine, was interviewed by a representative of the Associated Press this evening, with the following result:

"It has been reported that you do not favor the count-out? A.—Well, I never favor anything that is wrong, and if any wrong has been committed—and I don't say there has been—then, of course, I don't approve of it.

Q.—How do your people feel about this matter? A.—The Republicans are, of course, inclined to think that part of the people are willing to trust the regularly constituted authorities. Nothing else can be done as far as I can see."

Q.—What is the remedy for the people if they have been wronged? A.—The people's great tribunal, the legislature, which is superior to any other than the Governor and Council. I think that the Greenbackers have performed their duty honorably and honestly, and if they have done wrong it has not been intentional. There are different ways of looking at a statutory law and interpreting it. The Executive may have made mistakes, but these may be rectified by the courts.

Q.—Will all the central members answer to the count-out on the first day of the session? A.—I am afraid that the Greenbackers will not be able to get a majority in either house, and take their seats and voice even though they might feel a little doubtful about the people sending them here, that would not prevent them from acting honestly. I believe there is a good deal of common sense yet left in the breasts of the people.

Q.—Will all the central members give that the people must not forget that they owe allegiance to the regularly constituted authorities?

Mr. Chase's position on these matters is regarded as one of considerable importance, as he is an acknowledged leader in the Greenback party.

It is reported that he will remain here until after the organization, and do his best to bring the Greenbackers into line.

## THE UTE PROBLEM.

**An Imperative Necessity for Removal.**

The latest information from the Ute country is from Lieutenant Payne, of Denver, 39, in effect that General Hatch has reached Chey's Ranch in safety. This puts him beyond peril. There is information also that of the murderers of Major Johnston, the Indians, the ring-leaders among whom are Douglas and Clark, have surrendered. The commissioners had adopted as a rule of the negotiation that no more supplies would be afforded the Utes until the guilty parties are all surrendered. This, of course, does not apply to the prisoners in hand, and they are now faring better than the remainder of the tribe, who were no supporters from the Government, and who have leave, have gone to the hunting-grounds in pursuit of food to prevent absolute starvation. This hunt will last several weeks, and in all probability nothing more will be done under the demand for surrender until the hunt is over, and very likely not until spring comes to the Ute country to renew the negotiations.

It is not unlikely that events will convince the Government of the desirability and wisdom of removing the Utes beyond the boundaries of the State of Colorado. Their reservation comprises within its borders some of the most fertile and desirable agricultural land as well as the richest mines in the State. This fact excites a covetousness on the part of the miners, who are numerous, and until the Indians are removed and the lands thus coveted for mining and agriculture purposes are opened up to actual settlers, and their resources are placed under civilized development. As this seems to be the inevitable, the sooner the Indians are removed and their lands are put on the market the better it will be for the miners.

General Grant's position on this question is that the Indians must be removed, and that section of our common country that receives the benefits committed by the Utes make their removal from the State absolutely necessary for the peace and welfare of its population, and it should be accomplished with the least possible delay. It is the only solution now of the Ute question.

**General Hatch at Lake City.**

Secretary Schurz at a late hour last night received a telegram from General Hatch, dated Lake City yesterday. It reports that he has brought "several Indian chiefs" from the reservation to Lake City with him; that they are all held by him for the purpose of preventing any demonstration by the young men of the tribe, that he has taken them to the military camp at Garfield, and, after a few moments before the departure of the train, and we can only presume that he did, so that it was a pleasant meeting between them.

We know that you like the tribe under all circumstances, I communicate these remarks for our mutual satisfaction.

**Ex-Confed.**

B. & P. depot, Washington, D. C.

number demanded should be surrendered.

Secretary Schurz immediately replied by telegraph, requesting General Hatch to furnish information upon the following points, viz.: Whether the White River Utes offered for surrender are still in Ouray's power, or whether they are now independent, which are with General Hatch, and of what bands.

General Hatch now getting into his possession Chief Douglas and the son of Douglass and other culprits of importance who were recently offered for surrender.

His proposition to take the Indians

now back to Camp Garrison appears

as to us to prove that the complete

surrender may still be accomplished, he is re

quested to say what, in his opinion, can be

done by direction of the Washington autho

rities to him.

**The Supreme Court in Session.**

BANGOR, Jan. 2.—Chief-Judge Appleton, Judge Peters and Justice Ladday were in the city yesterday, when the question forwarded by Governor Garcelon arrived here. Judge Burrows and Judge Walter came last night, and Judge Danforth and Judge Symonds this morning, so that a full court is now in session.

**Believe Will Reach the Real Question.**

PORTLAND, Jan. 2.—Ex-Senator Morrill, in an interview to-day, said that he considered Governor Garcelon's questions evasive, but thought the court would answer the real questions.

**An Honest Fusionist.**

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 2.—Colonel Daniel Snow, of this town, a Fusion representative to the legislature, to whom a certificate of election has been given, refuses to accept.

**Resisting to Create a Vacancy.**

PORTLAND, ME., Jan. 2.—It is understood that Nathan Cleaves, past judge of Probate and the Democratic candidate in, qualified this morning to have compilation and immediately resigned. Other Democratic candidates also qualified. Roger of Probate, Caleb Chapman, Harrison, held on, and so does W. B. Skillin, county commissioner, but it is thought A. F. Moulton, county attorney, will resign.

**The State-House Garrison.**

Augusta, ME., Jan. 2.—The military force is still kept at the State-House, but not in the day time. Tonight several persons went to the State-House, and the State-House was in session, not having the countersign. It is stated that the best authority that no military company or other organized body has been raised to resist the State authorities, nor will there be. Officials at the State-House have not shown a disposition to accept the city's tender of a police force, but will employ men of their own selection.

**An Invasion Expected to-day.**

BANGOR, Jan. 2.—The Supreme Judicial court is in session here to-day, all the judges being present, and considering the questions submitted by Governor Garcelon; it is expected they will conclude their labors to-morrow.

**An Interview with Solon Chase.**

Augusta, ME., Jan. 2.—Solon Chase, the leader of the Greenbackers in the State of Maine, was interviewed by a representative of the Associated Press this evening, with the following result:

"It has been reported that you do not favor the count-out? A.—Well, I never favor anything that is wrong, and if any wrong has been committed—and I don't say there has been—then, of course, I don't approve of it.

Q.—How do your people feel about this matter? A.—The Republicans are, of course, inclined to think that part of the people are willing to trust the regularly constituted authorities. Nothing else can be done as far as I can see."

Q.—What is the remedy for the people if they have been wronged? A.—The people's great tribunal, the legislature, which is superior to any other than the Governor and Council. I think that the Greenbackers have performed their duty honorably and honestly, and if they have done wrong it has not been intentional. There are different ways of looking at a statutory law and interpreting it. The Executive may have made mistakes, but these may be rectified by the courts.

Q.—Will all the central members answer to the count-out on the first day of the session? A.—I am afraid that the Greenbackers will not be able to get a majority in either house, and take their seats and voice even though they might feel a little doubtful about the people sending them here, that would not prevent them from acting honestly. I believe there is a good deal of common sense yet left in the breasts of the people.

Q.—Will all the central members give that the people must not forget that they owe allegiance to the regularly constituted authorities?

Mr. Chase's position on these matters is regarded as one of considerable importance, as he is an acknowledged leader in the Greenback party.

It is reported that he will remain here until after the organization, and do his best to bring the Greenbackers into line.

## WELCOME TO PARRELL.

Arrival of the Irish Land Leaguer in America.

His Reception by the Irish-Americans of New York—Welcome by Mr. John E. Devin—A Chicago Committee on Hand—Mr. Parcell's Reply—Story of the Suffering Poor in Ireland.

Mr. Parcell on American Soil.

NEW YORK, Jan. 2.—A large delegation of well-known citizens boarded the Scythia this morning, which is en route to Ireland to meet the delegation of the Irish Land League, which is to land here to-morrow.

Among them were W. H. Kelly, John E. Donohue, J. J. Gorman, General McMahon, John E. Devlin, Mr. Dillon, and other prominent Irishmen. They were placed on board the steamer as revenue cutter. As they approached the Scythia Mr. Parcell appeared on the deck, and was greeted with three rounds of applause by the committee.

On reaching the dock and being introduced to Mr. Parcell and Mr. Dillon, he told the following:

ADDRESS OF WELCOME:

"The Irish element in our citizenship with a characteristic pride of patriotism give to you heart—whole love for your many Irishmen—your unswerving devotion to Ireland's cause.

The citizens of other foreign origin, recognizing the independence of race, recognition of the right of self-government, and the cause of justice which is to be sustained and the cause of justice which is to be upheld, are equally zealous in their support of the Irish Land League.

At the conclusion of the speech Mr. Parcell, who had been seated throughout, rose and said:

"The Cabinet Meeting Yesterday.

"At the Cabinet meeting yesterday, a bust of the Supreme Court of the United States was presented to Mr. Parcell, who accepted it with thanks.

"The Cabinet Meeting Yesterday.

"At the Cabinet meeting yesterday, a bust of the Supreme Court of the United States was presented to Mr. Parcell, who accepted it with thanks.

"The Cabinet Meeting Yesterday.

"At the Cabinet meeting yesterday, a bust of the Supreme Court of the United States was presented to Mr. Parcell, who accepted it with thanks.

"The Cabinet Meeting Yesterday.

"At the Cabinet meeting yesterday, a bust of the Supreme Court of the United States was presented to Mr. Parcell, who accepted it with thanks.

"The Cabinet Meeting Yesterday.

"At the Cabinet meeting yesterday, a bust of the Supreme Court of the United States was presented to Mr. Parcell, who accepted it with thanks.

"The Cabinet Meeting Yesterday.

"At the Cabinet meeting yesterday, a bust of the Supreme Court of the United States was presented to Mr. Parcell, who accepted it with thanks.

"The Cabinet Meeting Yesterday.

"At the Cabinet meeting yesterday, a bust of the Supreme Court of the United States was presented to Mr. Parcell, who accepted it with thanks.

"The Cabinet Meeting Yesterday.

"At the Cabinet meeting yesterday, a bust of the Supreme Court of the United States was presented to Mr. Parcell, who accepted it with thanks.

"The Cabinet Meeting Yesterday.

"At the Cabinet meeting yesterday, a bust of the Supreme Court of the United States was presented to Mr. Parcell, who accepted it with thanks.

"The Cabinet Meeting Yesterday.

"At the Cabinet meeting yesterday, a bust of the Supreme Court of the United States was presented to Mr. Parcell, who accepted it with thanks.

"The Cabinet Meeting Yesterday.

"At the Cabinet meeting yesterday, a bust of the Supreme Court of the United States was presented to Mr. Parcell, who accepted it with thanks.

"The Cabinet Meeting Yesterday.

"At the Cabinet meeting yesterday, a bust of the Supreme Court of the United States was presented to Mr. Parcell, who accepted it with thanks.

"The Cabinet Meeting Yesterday.

"At the Cabinet meeting yesterday, a bust of the Supreme Court of the United States was presented to Mr. Parcell, who accepted it with thanks.

"The Cabinet Meeting Yesterday.

"At the Cabinet meeting yesterday, a bust of the Supreme Court of the United States was presented to Mr. Parcell, who accepted it with thanks.

"The Cabinet Meeting Yesterday.

"At the Cabinet meeting yesterday, a bust of the Supreme Court of the United States was presented to Mr. Parcell, who accepted it with thanks.

"The Cabinet Meeting Yesterday.

"At the Cabinet meeting yesterday, a bust of the Supreme Court of the United States was presented to Mr. Parcell, who accepted it with thanks.

"The Cabinet Meeting Yesterday.

"At the Cabinet meeting yesterday, a bust of the Supreme Court of the United States was presented to Mr. Parcell, who accepted it with thanks.

"The Cabinet Meeting Yesterday.

"At the Cabinet meeting yesterday, a bust of the Supreme Court of the United States was presented to Mr. Parcell, who accepted it with thanks.

"The Cabinet Meeting Yesterday.

"At the Cabinet meeting yesterday, a bust of the Supreme Court of the United States was presented to Mr. Parcell, who accepted it with thanks.

"The Cabinet Meeting Yesterday.

"At the Cabinet meeting yesterday, a bust of the Supreme Court of the United States was presented to Mr. Parcell, who accepted it with thanks.

"The Cabinet Meeting Yesterday.

"At the Cabinet meeting yesterday, a bust of the Supreme Court of the United States was presented to Mr. Parcell, who accepted it with thanks.

"The Cabinet Meeting Yesterday.